2024 MAMSWaP Online Survey Results Summary

This survey is the online version of the 2024 MAMSWaP mail survey. The purpose of administering two surveys (mail vs. online) is to evaluate the differences between the online and mailed survey results to help determine whether to conduct a full mailed survey in the future.

The mailed survey was distributed to residents using random sample survey techniques, while the online survey was shared via MAMSWaP and Dane County's social media and email lists. It was also shared with MAMSWaP municipal partners and local environmental groups for further distribution to their members. The main advantage of the mailed survey is that it was based on random sampling, making it broadly representative of Dane County residents. However, it was significantly more expensive than the online survey to distribute and collect responses. Thus, MAMSWaP team was interested in exploring how the data from these two survey methods would compare.

The main limitations of the online survey include:

- Lack of generalizability because it was not a random sample survey, and
- An overrepresentation of individuals with a higher level of knowledge about the survey topic.

The online survey received a total of **230** responses; however, not every respondent answered every question. In the results summary tables on the following pages:

- **Count** represents the number of responses to a specific response item (e.g., "Yes" and "No").
- **Proportion** represents the percentage of respondents who answered that specific response item (proportion = count/total number of respondents who answered the question).

The results of the online survey and the mailed survey are compared side-by-side. The **Difference** refers to the gap between the online proportion and the mail proportion (difference = online proportion – mail proportion). If the difference exceeds 10 percent, a brief explanation is provided below the table.

Your Perceptions of Local Water Resources:

Q1 – Do you live in a watershed?						
	Online			Mail	Difference	
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online Proportion – Mail Proportion	
Yes	168	84%	210	61%	23%	
No	13	6%	47	14%	-8%	
Don't know	20	10%	89	26%	-16%	
Total	201		346			

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to answer **Yes** to this question. **Yes** was the correct answer to this question which demonstrates more knowledge of what a watershed is and potentially water-related issues.

Q2 - In general, how would you rate the water quality of the lakes, rivers, and					
	S	treams locate	ed in Dane Co	unty?	
		Fiel	d: Lakes		
	On	line	Μ	ail	Difference
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online Proportion – Mail Proportion
Very Poor	13	7%	34	10%	-3%
Poor	107	55%	158	45%	10%
Good	66	34%	128	36%	-2%
Very Good	5	3%	16	5%	-2%
Don't Know	3	2%	19	5%	-3%
Total	194		355		

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to rate the quality of lakes in Dane County as **Poor.**

Q2 - In general, how would you rate the water quality of the lakes, rivers, and					
	Sti	Eigld: Bivor	and Stroom	unity:	
		rielu. Rivei :	s and Stream	115	
	Or	nline		Mail	Difference
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online Proportion – Mail Proportion
Very Poor	7	4%	15	4%	0%
Poor	70	36%	97	27%	9%
Good	94	49 %	166	47%	2%
Very Good	9	5%	34	10%	-5%
Don't Know	13	7%	42	12%	-5%
Total	193		354		

Q3 - Once stormwater runoff enters a storm drain in your neighborhood, where does it go? (Please select all that apply)						
(some responses	On	line	M	lail	Difference	
than 1 answer)	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail	
I'm not sure	19	10%	75	21%	-14%	
Creek, stream, river, or lake	157	81%	212	59%	-3%	
Municipal sewage treatment system	22	11%	58	16%	-8%	
Holding pond	44	23%	63	18%	-2%	
Field or infiltration basin	35	18%	36	10%	2%	
Other (specify)	4	2%	8	2%	-1%	
Total	194		359			

• Those who completed the online survey were **less likely** to select an incorrect answer, which were "I'm not sure" and "Municipal sewage treatment system."

The online survey answers for "Other (specify)" were:

- "My neighborhood does not have storm drains"
- "You promised that there are no right or wrong answers!"
- "I live on rural land and don't have these"
- "I don't have storm drains in my neighborhood"

The mailed survey answers for "Other (specify)" were:

- "NO STORM DRAINS"
- "our watershed"
- "parking lot
- "No Drains"
- "Neutral Pond Tiedeman's"
- "I don't have storm drains in my neighborhood."
- "In front of my home ground uneven street is now cracked and side walk as well."
- "Holding/filtration tanks"

Q4 - In your opinion, what are the main impacts that stormwater runoff has								
	on your community? (Short Answer)							
Themes	Online (n=166)	Mail (n=272)	Difference					
(some responses might have more than 1 theme)	Proportion	Proportion	Online – Mail					
Water pollution	57%	56%	1%					
Algae blooms	20%	22%	-2%					
Flooding	19%	14%	5%					

Ecosystem and wildlife	15%	17%	-2%
Recreational impact	13%	10%	3%
Economic impact	4%	3%	1%
Lack of awareness or knowledge	2%	6%	-4%

Actions, Concerns, and Efforts:

Q5 - Which of the following statements best describes your level of							
awareness a	awareness about current efforts your local government is involved with to						
	improve water quality in your community?						
	On	line	N	1ail	Difference		
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail		
I am not aware of any current efforts	16	9%	45	13%	-4%		
I think activities are taking place, but I don't know very much about them	41	22%	161	46%	-24%		
I am somewhat familiar with current efforts	96	52%	134	38%	14%		
l am very knowledgeable about current efforts	32	17%	12	3%	14%		
Total	185		352				

- Those who completed the online survey were **less likely** to think **activities are taking place**, **but don't know very much about them**.
- Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to be **somewhat familiar with current efforts.**
- Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to be **very knowledgeable about current efforts.**

Q6 - Your local government is actively working to improve the quality of local rivers, streams and lakes by reducing pollutants in stormwater runoff, and would like to know whether or not you support this investment in water quality.

	Online		N	lail	Difference
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail
I support these efforts and would like us to be doing more, even if that costs more	150	82%	229	66%	16%
I support these efforts at the current expenditure level	28	15%	111	32%	-17%
I would like my community to spend less on these efforts	2	1%	7	2%	-1%
I would like my community to stop investing in these efforts	2	1%	1	0.3%	1%

Total 182 348	
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• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to **support these** efforts and would like us to be doing more, even if that costs more.

• Those who completed the online survey were **less likely** to **support these** efforts at the current expenditure level.

Perceived Effectiveness of Efforts

Q7 - In your opinion, how effective can the following efforts be for improving the water quality of lakes, rivers and streams in and around your community? Field: Street sweeping					
	Online Mail				Difference
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail
Not effective	4	2%	8	2%	0%
Somewhat effective	53	30%	114	32%	-2%
Effective	63	35%	132	37%	-2%
Very effective	47	26%	66	19%	7%
I don't know	11	6%	33	9%	
Total	178		353		

Q7 - In your opinion, how effective can the following efforts be for improving the					
water q	uality of lakes,	rivers and stre	ams in and arc	ound your com	munity?
		Field: Installin	ng rain gardens	5	
	On	line	M	lail	Difference
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail
Not effective	4	2%	15	4%	-2%
Somewhat effective	37	21%	68	19%	2%
Effective	79	44%	135	39%	5%
Very effective	55	31%	94	27%	4%
I don't know	4	2%	38	11%	-9%
Total	179		350		

Q7 - In your opinion, how effective can the following efforts be for improving the water quality of lakes, rivers and streams in and around your community? Field: Removing street leaves before it rains Online Mail Difference Online – Mail Count Proportion Count Proportion 6 Not effective 3% 9 3% 0% Somewhat -7% 19 11% 64 18% effective Effective 67 38% 137 39% -1% 33% 12% Very effective 80 45% 115 6 25 I don't know 7% 3% -4% Total 178 350

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to think that removing street leaves before it rains is **very effective**.

Q7 - In your opinion, how effective can the following efforts be for improving the water quality of lakes, rivers and streams in and around your community?
 Field: Developing infiltration facilities where stormwater can soak into the ground

	Online		Mail		Difference	
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail	
Not effective	2	1%	4	1%	0%	
Somewhat effective	8	4%	23	7%	-3%	
Effective	46	26%	138	39%	-13%	
Very effective	105	59%	134	38%	21%	
I don't know	17	10%	51	15%	-5%	
Total	178		350			

• Those who completed the online survey were **less likely** to think that developing infiltration facilities where stormwater can soak into the ground is **effective**.

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to think that developing infiltration facilities where stormwater can soak into the ground is **very effective**.

Q7 - In your opinion, how effective can the following efforts be for improving the water quality of lakes, rivers and streams in and around your community? Field: **Enforcing erosion & stormwater ordinances**

	Online		Mail		Difference
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail
Not effective	1	1%	8	2%	-1%
Somewhat effective	18	10%	36	10%	0%
Effective	60	34%	140	40%	-6%
Very effective	81	45%	126	36%	9%
I don't know	19	11%	42	12%	-1%
Total	179		352		

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to think that enforcing erosion & stormwater ordinances is **very effective**.

Q7 - In your opinion, how effective can the following efforts be for improving the water quality of lakes, rivers and streams in and around your community?								
	Field: Restoring wetlands							
	0	nline		Mail	Difference			
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail			
Not effective	2	1%	3	1%	0%			
Somewhat effective	7	4%	17	5%	-1%			
Effective	28	16%	78	22%	-8%			
Very effective	136	76%	233	66%	10%			
I don't know	6	3%	21	6%	-3%			
Total	179		352					

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to think that restoring wetlands is **very effective**.

Q7 - In your opinion, how effective can the following efforts be for improving the water quality of lakes, rivers and streams in and around your community? Field: **Public education on practices to reduce the amount and/or improve the quality of stormwater runoff**

	Online		Mail		Difference
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail
Not effective	3	2%	11	3%	-1%
Somewhat effective	43	24%	109	31%	-7%
Effective	64	36%	126	36%	0%
Very effective	64	36%	92	26%	10%
I don't know	5	3%	14	4%	-1%
Total	179		352		

- Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to think that public education on practices to reduce the amount and/or improve the quality of stormwater runoff is **very effective**.
- Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to think that reducing salt usage for melting snow and ice is **very effective**.

Q7 - In your opinion, how effective can the following efforts be for improving the							
Field: Reducing salt usage for melting snow and ice							
	On	line	M	lail	Difference		
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail		
Not effective	2	1%	11	3%	-2%		
Somewhat effective	19	11%	59	17%	-6%		
Effective	62	35%	127	36%	-1%		
Very effective	87	49%	139	39%	10%		
l don't know	9	5%	17	5%	0%		
Total	179		353				

Q7 - In your opinion, how effective can the following efforts be for improving the						
water qu	ality of lakes,	rivers and stre	ams in and ar	ouna your cor	nmunity?	
	Field: Develop	ing buffers al	ong waterway	s & shoreland	ls	
	Online		М	ail	Difference	
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail	
Not effective	3	2%	5	1%	1%	
Somewhat effective	11	6%	33	9%	-3%	
Effective	46	26%	117	33%	-7%	
Very effective	103	58%	137	39%	19%	
I don't know	16	9%	61	17%	-8%	
Total	179		292			

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to think that developing buffers along waterways & shorelands is **very effective**.

Willingness to do Pollution Reduction Actions

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any of these actions?

Field: Conduct soil tests to determine your lawn's needs before applying fertilizers

	Online		Mail		Difference		
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail		
Not willing	9	5%	32	9%	-4%		
Somewhat willing	27	16%	90	25%	-9%		
Very willing	49	28%	106	30%	-2%		
Already do this	15	9%	22	6%	3%		
N/A	72	42%	104	29%	13%		
Total	172		354				

• Those who completed the online survey were more likely to select N/A.

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any of these actions?

Field: Aerate your lawn to help water soak into the ground						
	Online		M	lail	Difference	
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail	
Not willing	9	5%	21	6%	-1%	
Somewhat willing	43	25%	99	28%	-3%	
Very willing	71	41%	124	35%	6%	
Already do this	34	20%	83	24%	-4%	
N/A	16	9%	26	7%	2%	
Total	173		353			

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any of these actions?

Field: Incorporate native plants into landscaping to help water soak into the ground

	Online		Mail		Difference	
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail	
Not willing	2	1%	14	4%	-3%	
Somewhat willing	9	5%	70	20%	-15%	
Very willing	51	29%	139	39%	-10%	
Already do this	111	63%	118	33%	30%	
N/A	2	1%	12	3%	-2%	
Total	175		353			

Those who completed the online survey were **less likely** to be **somewhat willing** to incorporate native plants into landscaping to help water soak into the ground.

Those who completed the online survey were **less likely** to be **very willing** to incorporate native plants into landscaping to help water soak into the ground. Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to be **already** incorporate native plants into landscaping to help water soak into the ground.

Crosstabulation: For the 51 respondents who are very willing to incorporate native plants, the top three things that would motivate them are: Grants. Rebates, or other incentives (n=33), Belief that they are helping to protect or improve local waters (n=33), and Information on how specific actions can protect or improve local waters (n=33).

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to								
reduce pollu	reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any							
		of these	actions?					
Field	: Apply chem	ical fertilizers	to lawn once	a year or not	at all			
	Online		М	ail	Difference			
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail			
Not willing	2	1%	34	10%	-9%			
Somewhat willing	14	8%	50	14%	-6%			
Very willing	21	12%	58	16%	-4%			
Already do this	117	68%	184	52%	16%			
N/A	17	10%	26	7%	3%			
Total	171		352					

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to be **already** apply chemical fertilizers to lawn once a year or not at all.

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any of these actions?

Field: Apply weed-killers to lawn once a year or not at all						
	Online		Mail		Difference	
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail	
Not willing	2	1%	32	9%	-8%	
Somewhat willing	15	9%	55	16%	-7%	
Very willing	18	10%	51	14%	-4%	
Already do this	120	70%	187	53%	17%	
N/A	17	10%	27	8%	2%	
Total	172		352			

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to be **already** apply weed-killers to lawn once a year or not at all.

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any of these actions? Field: Manage leaves in your yard by composting or mulching Online Mail Difference Online – Mail Proportion Proportion Count Count Not willing 4 2% 26 7% -5% Somewhat -7% 11 6% 46 13% willing Very willing 22 13% 49 14% -1% Already do this 133 76% 216 61% 15% N/A 4 2% 19 5% -3% Total 174 337

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to be **already** manage leaves in their yard by composting or mulching.

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any of these actions?

Field: Remove leaves from the street in front of your nome before it ra

	Online		Mail		Difference		
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail		
Not willing	4	2%	32	9%	-7%		
Somewhat willing	17	10%	66	19%	-9%		
Very willing	36	21%	86	24%	-3%		
Already do this	92	53%	133	37%	16%		
N/A	23	13%	38	11%	2%		
Total	172		355				

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to be **already** remove leaves from the street in front of their homes before it rains.

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any of these actions?

Field: Leave grass clippings on your lawn after mowing								
	On	line	Ν	/lail	Difference			
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail			
Not willing	2	1%	10	3%	-2%			
Somewhat willing	9	5%	16	4%	1%			
Very willing	14	8%	28	8%	0%			
Already do this	139	79%	287	81%	-2%			
N/A	11	6%	15	4%	2%			
Total	175		356					

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any of these actions?

Field: Direct gutter downspouts to lawn/natural area instead of your driveway

		Online		Mail	Difference			
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail			
Not willing	0	0%	4	1%	-1%			
Somewhat willing	10	6%	17	5%	1%			
Very willing	20	11%	40	11%	0%			
Already do this	142	81%	279	79%	2%			
N/A	3	2%	15	4%	-2%			
Total	175		340					

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any of these								
		acti	ons?					
Fiel	d: Install a rai	n barrel to col	lect rain from	your downspc	outs			
	On	line	M	ail	Difference			
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail			
Not willing	17	10%	72	20%	-10%			
Somewhat	38	22%	105	30%	-8%			
willing								
Very willing	49	28%	98	28%	0%			
Already do this	59	34%	54	15%	19%			
N/A	11	6%	25	7%	-1%			
Total	174		354					

- Those who completed the online survey were **less likely** to be **not willing** to install a rain barrel to collect rain from their downspouts.
- Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to be **already** install a rain barrel to collect rain from their downspouts.

Crosstabulation: For the 49 respondents who are very willing to install a rain barrel, the top three things that would motivate them are: Belief that they are helping to protect or improve local waters (n=34), Rebates, Grants, rebates, or other incentives (n=32), and Information on how specific actions can protect or improve local waters (n=27).

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any								
Field: I	of these actions? Field: Install a rain garden to collect rainwater from your downspouts							
	On	line	Mail Differer					
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail			
Not willing	15	9%	70	20%	-11%			

Somewhat willing	39	23%	112	32%	-9%
Very willing	53	31%	100	28%	3%
Already do	55	32%	40	11%	21%
this					
N/A	11	6%	29	8%	-2%
Total	173		351		

- Those who completed the online survey were **less likely** to be **not willing** to install a rain garden to collect rainwater from their downspouts.
- Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to be **already** install a rain garden to collect rainwater from their downspouts.

Crosstabulation: For the 53 respondents who are very willing to install a rain garden, the top three things that would motivate them are: Grants, rebates, or other incentives (n=38), Reminders/prompts alerting them only when it's a critical time to take action (n=38), and Belief that they are helping to protect or improve local waters (n=34).

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to be **already** reduce salt use to melt snow and ice at their residence.

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any of these										
	actions?									
F	ield: Reduce s	alt use to melt	snow and ice	at your residen	се					
	Online		Ν	⁄lail	Difference					
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail					
Not willing	1	1%	22	6%	-5%					
Somewhat willing	7	4%	32	9%	-5%					
Very willing	22	13%	53	15%	-2%					
Already do this	138	79%	236	67%	12%					
N/A	7	4%	7	2%	2%					
Total	175		350							

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any of these actions?

Field: Report spills or discharges of anything other than clear water into storm drains

arans							
	Online		Ν	/lail	Difference		
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail		
Not willing	3	2%	7	2%	0%		
Somewhat willing	13	7%	48	14%	-7%		
Very willing	93	53%	207	59%	-6%		
Already do this	49	28%	54	15%	13%		
N/A	17	10%	35	10%	0%		
Total	175		351				

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to select "Already do this" for reporting spills or discharges of anything other than clear water into storm drains.

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any of these actions? Field: Adopt a storm drain near your home - commit to keep it clear of debris and snow when prompted

 Online
 Mail
 Difference

 Count
 Propertion
 Online - Mail

	•			Dirici crice	
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail
Not willing	16	9%	50	14%	-5%
Somewhat willing	39	23%	97	28%	-5%
Very willing	71	41%	110	31%	10%
Already do this	25	15%	53	15%	0%
N/A	21	12%	41	12%	0%
Total	172		351		

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to be **very willing** to adopt a storm drain near their home and commit to keep it clear of debris and snow when prompted.

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any of these actions?										
Field: Clean up and dispose of your pet's waste										
	Online		Ν	⁄lail	Difference					
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail					
Not willing	2	1%	2	1%	0%					
Somewhat willing	0	0%	1	0%	-0%					
Very willing	15	9%	18	5%	4%					
Already do this	84	49%	172	48%	1%					
N/A	72	42%	163	46%	-4%					
Total	173		356							

Q8 - Which of the following actions would you be willing to do regularly to reduce pollution to area lakes, rivers and streams? Or are you already doing any of these actions?

Sweep								
		Online		Mail	Difference			
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail			
Not willing	1	1%	7	2%	-1%			
Somewhat willing	10	6%	19	5%	1%			
Very willing	45	26%	78	22%	4%			
Already do this	112	64%	238	67%	-3%			
N/A	7	4%	13	4%	0%			
Total	175		355					

Field: Properly dispose of household chemicals at Dane County Clean Sweep

Q9 - Of the actions listed in the previous question that you are willing to do,								
		that appl	y)					
Motivations	0	nline	1	Mail	Difference			
(some responses might have more than 1 motivation)	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail			
Trainings/Workshops	58	34%	94	27%	7%			
The action is low or	78	46%	155	45%	1%			
no cost								
Request from your local government	55	32%	75	22%	10%			
Request from neighbors or friends	49	29%	41	12%	17%			
Reminders/prompts alerting you only when it's a critical time to take action	106	62%	133	38%	24%			

Observing multiple neighbors or friends taking action	66	39%	117	34%	5%
Laws/Regulations requiring action	60	35%	100	29%	6%
Information on how specific actions can protect or improve local waters	89	52%	172	50%	2%
Grants, rebates, or other incentives	90	53%	160	46%	7%
Belief that you are helping to protect or improve local waters	119	70%	203	59%	11%
Other (please specify)	9	5%	39	11%	-6%
None of the above	4	2%	9	3%	-1%
Total	171		346		

• Those who completed the online survey were more likely to be motivated by a request from their local government, a request from their neighbors or friends, reminders/prompts alerting them only when it's a critical time to take action, and belief that they are helping to protect or improve local waters.

"Other (please specify)" responses for the **Online** survey include themes like: difficult location, physically unable to transport chemicals, too many leaves to feasibly compost, need for more information from neighborhood association, not using salt is dangerous

- "I live in a difficult location so would need to make sure it is feasible for me"
- "Getting chemicals to clean sweep is very difficult"
- "Help implementing actions that are difficult for elders and disabled people"
- "Rural lot with controlled drainage patterns in place"
- "I have too many leaves to compost in my yard"
- "The salt one is tough because of the danger of falling on ice"
- "If our neighborhood association requested/provided information"

"Other (please specify)" responses for the **Mail** survey include themes like: having equipment available, little space for rain garden/barrel, differing views in household, closer chemical disposal site, rental property limitations, need assistance, need options for ice-melt, didn't use collected water from rain barrel, more G'ut programs, need for more information, free/cheap rain barrels

- "having equipment available to aerate yard"
- "Very little space available for rain garden, redirecting gutters, etc. it would require a financial outlay and/or more labor than i can manage to make these changes."
- "Partner + I have different views"
- "RENTAL PROPERTY- APPEARANCE OF LAWN IS IMPORTANT"
- "would need help with installing rain barrel"
- "City Assistance for example where can I put my leaves when it rains? I have no sidewalk or terrace so where should they go?"
- "try to limit salt, but we have some very slippery spots"
- "More G'utPrograms willing to pay higher taxes"
- "It seems a bit ridicules for me to worry about the minor effect of household toxin when Dane county is doing nothing about the PFAS contain in a tank ?? which has made the fish inedible."

Q10 - If you are not currently using Clean Sweep to dispose of household							
hazardou	us waste, v	vhy not? (Ple	ase select	all that apply	y)		
Reasons	Online		Mail		Difference		
(some responses might have more than 1 reason)	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail		
Not applicable. I	89	54%	185	56%	-2%		
already use Clean							
Sweep to dispose of							
household							
hazardous waste							
I've never heard of	30	18%	67	20%	-2%		
Clean Sweep							
I don't have any household	28	17%	54	16%	1%		

hazardous waste to dispose of.					
Location is too far (next to Dane County Landfill off of Co Hwy 12).	18	11%	32	10%	1%
Hours are too limited (M-F: 7:00a.m 2:45p.m. & Sat: 8:00a.m 10:45a.m.).	16	10%	34	10%	0%
Other, please explain:	11	7%	20	6%	1%
Total	165		328		

"Other, please explain" responses for the Online survey include themes like: high cost, not knowing about it, process is not accessible and is an inconvenience, not clear if services are municipal or county wide

- "I don't know about hazardous waste or Clean Sweep."
- "I have used Clean Sweep. I liked it better when it was free because I only have a few items each year and It's hard to pay \$"
- "Not clear about what services are municipal vs county-wide. For instance, if I live in Cross Plains, can I recycle at Middleton facility?"
- "Hassle"
- "I've been saving it up and putting it off!"
- "Didn't know about it"

"Other, please explain" responses for the Mail survey include themes like: high cost, use closer and free services, not aware of what materials should be disposed of at clean sweep, need one for the west side, need for overnight drop-off, wouldn't allow them to drop off latex paint, not willing to drive with chemicals in the car, process is inconvenient

- "was pretty expensive last time I used it \$10-2- per gallon from what I remember"
- "Prep for overnight visitors"
- "Often use Monona services since closer"
- "not aware of what materials should be disposed of at clean sweep"
- "I would be nice to have one closer for the west side maybe near the west side -Moines Point Rd. area where current drop off for lawn debris"
- "I use but feel hours are too limited"
- "The last time years ago I had to argue to drop off latex paint"

• "Time and convenience. city can create a quarterly pick up"

Q11 - What type of trainings or resources do you prefer? (Please select all						
		that appl	y)			
Trainings	0	nline	I	Mail	Difference	
(some responses might have more than 1 training)	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail	
In-person workshop/coaching session	53	31%	68	20%	11%	
Online real-time class	48	28%	40	12%	16%	
Online self-paced learning modules	100	59%	180	53%	6%	
One-on-one in person assistance	21	12%	52	15%	-3%	
How-to manuals and guides	97	57%	237	70%	-27%	
Other, please explain:	9	5%	18	5%	0%	
Total	169		341			

- Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to prefer **in-person** workshop/coaching session and online real-time class.
- Those who completed the online survey were **less likely** to prefer **how-to manuals and guides.**

"Other (please specify)" responses for the **Online** survey include themes like: TV and radio PSAs, neighborhood events, interactive website, text or call help line, online resources, email readings

- "PSA- TV and radio"
- "neighborhood events, I did one 15 years ago and it was great"
- "Interactive website like this NY Times site about diet and climate change: <u>https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2022/dining/climate-change-food-eating-habits.html</u>"
- "I don't think we can rely on individuals solely and should focus on filtering and buffers"
- "A text or call help line"

- "Online resources"
- "Reading on this subject"

"Other (please specify)" responses for the Mail survey include themes like: need resource to rent tools, request for short videos, infographics, labeling, and online resources

- "if tools to rent or use, where to pick up like library or hardware store"
- "Videos-short-2 mins"
- "Infographics, postcards."
- "organize G'ut Programs continue funding if shown effective"
- "Online Resource when needed"
- "for in-person w/s session for condo, houses and unit owners"
- "PSA's"
- "labeling color code?"
- "Social Media Video Tutorial"

Information Sources:

Q12 - Who, if anyone, would you contact if you noticed a large amount of								
dirty water	for examp	ole, with pai	nt, oil, or m	nud) flowing	; into a storm drain?			
Contacts Online Mail					Difference			
(some responses might have more than 1 contact)	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail			
I most likely wouldn't contact anyone	11	6%	16	5%	1%			

l wouldn't	37	22%	107	30%	-12%
know who					
to contact					
I would	70	41%	173	49%	-8%
contact the					
local City,					
Village, or					
Town					
I would	8	5%	20	6%	-1%
contact					
Public					
Health-					
Madison &					
Dane					
County					
I would	17	10%	27	8%	2%
contact the					
Dane					
County					
Land and					
Water					
Resources					
Department					
I would	22	13%	42	12%	1%
contact the					
Wisconsin					
Department					
of Natural					
Resources					
I would	7	4%	19	5%	-1%
contact					
(Please					
specify)					
Total	172		351		

• Those who completed the online survey were **less likely** to select "I wouldn't know who to contact."

"I would contact (Please specify)" responses for the **Online** survey include responses like: streets and sanitation department, figure it out through online search, call 911, Public Health, local MS4 permit contact, Dane County Land Conservation Division

- "Madison Streets -Westside"
- "Call 911 as it could be criminal depending on the substance"
- "In urban areas, I'd contact both Public Health and the local MS4 permittee contact.

For agricultural spills, I'd contact Dane County Land Conservation Division staff and DNR Spill Hotline."

- "Streets and Sanitation dept."
- "I would do research online first to look up who to contact. For instance, whether city, county, or state agency is the best contact."

"I would contact (Please specify)" responses for the **Mail** survey include responses like: streets division, figure it out through online search, neighborhood/condo association, engineering/water resource folks, 311 or 411, Dane County non-emergency line, Clean Lakes Wisconsin

- "city of madison streets division"
- "I would go outline + figure out who to contact."
- "The head of my neighborhood association
- "City of Madison Engineering/Water Resource Folks"
- "My condo association"
- "311 or 411"
- "MPD"
- "search Madison streets website"
- "Clean lakes Wisconsin"

Q13 - During the last five years, have you learned about effects of stormwater runoff or practices to improve water quality from any of the following? (Please select all that apply)

Resources	0	nline	Γ	Difference	
(some responses might have more than 1 resource)	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail
Local newspapers	86	51%	118	34%	17%
Television or radio	50	29%	158	46%	-17%
Friends, family or neighbors	42	25%	63	18%	7%

Displays at meetings, exhibits or parks	67	39%	61	18%	21%
Public meetings or workshops	49	29%	19	5%	24%
Community or neighborhood newsletter	58	34%	83	24%	10%
Nextdoor.com	7	4%	17	5%	-1%
Instagram	16	9%	11	3%	6%
Snapchat	1	1%	0	0%	1%
X (formerly Twitter)	4	2%	1	0.3%	1.7%
YouTube	5	3%	11	3%	0%
Internet /websites	70	41%	63	18%	23%
Facebook	40	24%	27	8%	16%
Other (Please specify):	26	15%	36	10%	5%
None of the above	11	6%	61	18%	-12%
Total	170		347		

- Those who completed the online survey were more likely to learn about the effects of stormwater runoff or practices to improve water quality from local newspapers, friends, family, or neighbors, public meetings or workshops, community or neighborhood newsletter, internet/websites, and Facebook.
- Those who completed the online survey were **less likely** to learn about effects of stormwater runoff or practices to improve water quality from **television or radio**.

"Other (please specify)" responses for the **Online** survey include responses like: Clean Lakes Alliance, Yahara Lakes Association, neighborhood newsletters, websites, and placards, Dane County e-newsletter, Wisconsin Wetlands, LinkedIn, general environmental groups, Dane County Watershed Network, MAMSWaP, and through their work

- "Placards listed in neighborhood"
- "city of Madison government re: street cleaning, leaves off gutters"
- "My n'hood newsletter and website, but it was more like 15 years ago."

- "emails from Dane County Watershed Network and MAMSWaP"
- "local watershed organizations"
- "Email updates from Streets and Sanitation."
- "Yahara Lakes Association & Clean Lakes Alliance"
- "my line of work"
- "Storm Drain Newsletter"

"Other (please specify)" responses for the **Mail** survey include responses like: EPA, Clean Lakes Alliance, through the nature of their job, email newsletters from the city, murals around drains, Madison Fishing Expo, Madison Utility Street division materials, professional continuing education programs, UW Extension, Olbrich Gardens, City Council, water bills, and through reading publications.

- "50 years of professional experience. I know where to look"
- "EPA"
- "Clean Lake Alliance materials"
- "CENTER FOR LIMNOLOGY"
- "professional publications"
- "Reading ecology books"
- "I've planted rain gardens with others. I help with parks and SW path native areas"
- "I served on Stoughton City Council"

Q14 - What organization would you look to if you were interested in learning more about stormwater pollution and/or actions you could take to improve water quality?

Water quanty:							
Organizations	On	line	Mail				
(some responses might have more than 1 organization)	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion			
Local Town, Village or City	34	20%	187	55%			
Local Environmental or Friends Group	35	21%	79	23%			
Dane County Land and Water	38	23%	130	38%			

Resources Department				
Ripple Effects	19	11%	24	7%
(Madison Area				
Municipal				
Stormwater				
Partnership)				
Wisconsin	33	20%	142	42%
Department of				
Natural				
Resources				
(WDNR)				
US	4	2%	33	10%
Environmental				
Protection				
Agency (EPA)				
Other (Please	5	3%	22	6%
specify):				
Total	168		340	

• For this question, we intended for respondents to select one answer, so they were limited to a single response on the online survey. However, on the mailed survey, many respondents marked multiple options. Therefore, the results from this question are not comparable.

"Other (please specify)" responses for the Online survey include topics like: several of the groups listed, Clean Lakes Alliance, being unsure

- "Don't know"
- "Clean lakes alliance"
- "ALL of these!"
- "several groups listed, and Clean Lakes Alliance"
- "I already use all of these resources except EPA"

"Other (please specify)" responses for the **Mail** survey include topics like: DATCAP, Wisconsin Environment, Clean Lakes Alliance, Sierra Club, Rosemary Garfoot Library Program, UW extension, being unsure, no one, searching online for an organization

- "DATCAP"
- "Wisconsin Environment"
- "Clean lakes alliance"
- "Rosemary Garfoot Library Program"
- "Sierra Club"
- "UW Extension"
- "I think all the above are legitimate but I'm not familiar enough to think to seek them out."

Q15 - Have you ever heard of Ripple Effects before?							
	Ο	nline	I	Mail	Difference		
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail		
Yes	46	27%	25	7%	20%		
No	116	68%	302	86%	-18%		
l'm not	8	5%	25	7%	-2%		
sure							
Total	170		352				

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to have heard of Ripple Effects before.

Q16 - Have you seen any of the storm drain murals around Dane County?							
	Online		I	Mail	Difference		
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail		
Yes	106	62%	134	38%	24%		
No	63	37%	204	58%	-21%		
l'm not sure	1	1%	16	5%	-4%		
Total	170		354				

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to have seen a storm drain murals around Dane County.

Q17 - Select the campaigns or programs that you are familiar with or that							
yo	you have seen before. (Please select all that apply)						
Campaigns	0	nline	ſ	Mail	Difference		
(some responses might have more than 1 campaign)	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail		
Leaf-free	97	42%	85	24%	18%		
Streets							
Plant Dane	96	42%	61	17%	25%		
Native Plant							
Program							
Dane County	104	45%	104	29%	16%		
Rain Barrel Sale							
and							
Reimbursement							
Program							
Adopt a Storm	76	33%	66	18%	15%		
Drain Program							
WI Salt Wise	108	47%	94	26%	21%		
No response ¹	77	33%	158	44%	-11%		
Total ²	153(230)		20				

- This question did not provide an option for respondents to indicate that they were unfamiliar with any of the campaigns. Therefore, we assumed that a non-response indicated, "I am not aware of any of these campaigns."
- The first number indicates the number of people who answered this question. The number in parentheses indicates the number of people who submitted the online survey. Since we did not include an option for respondents to indicate that they were unfamiliar with any of the campaigns, the number in parentheses was used to calculate the Proportions.
- Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to be familiar with **all** the campaigns or programs than mailed survey respondents.

Q18 - Of the campaigns/brands above that you have heard of, did any motivate you to make a change? If yes, please share a bit about the change					
you made.					
	Οι	nline	r	Mail	Difference
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail
Yes	96	62%	123	51%	11%
No	58	38%	116	49%	-11%
Total	154		239		

• Those who completed the online survey were **more likely** to be motivated by the campaigns or programs listed in the previous question.

"Yes (please specify)" responses for the **Online** survey include themes like: keeping leaves out of streets and storm drains, reducing or eliminating salt use, installing/ considering installing rain barrels, planting native plants, increased awareness and regular maintenance of storm drains, using sand or pet-friendly alternatives to salt for de-icing.

Information about You and Your Residence:

Q19 - Who makes decisions about how your lawn / property is maintained? (Please select all that apply)					
Campaigns	Online	e		Mail	Difference
(some responses might have more than 1 campaign)	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail
I do	149	88%	308	88%	0%
Another member of my household	28	16%	61	17%	-1%
Property manager / Landlord	11	6%	4	1%	5%
Hired landscapes / lawn care professionals	11	6%	16	5%	1%
An association	5	3%	27	8%	-5%
Other (Please specify)	5	3%	8	2%	1%

Total 170	351
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"Other (please specify)" responses for the Online survey include responses like: joint effort with spouse and rest of family, don't have a lawn

- "I don't have a lawn just plants and hardscape."
- "All family members discuss"
- "My spouse and I make these decisions together"
- "Me and my wife"
- "Wife"

"Other (please specify)" responses for the Mailed survey include responses like: joint effort with spouse, don't have a lawn

- "My partner and I"
- "In condo no lawn"
- "in consultative with my spouse"
- "Myself and my spouse"
- "My husband + I"

Q20 - Are you currently a member of an environmental, conservation, or						
		watershe	ed organizat	tion?		
	Ο	nline	I	Mail	Difference	
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail	
Yes	98	58%	51	15%	43%	
No	71	42%	297	85%	-43%	
Total	169		348			

• Those who completed online surveys are **more likely** to be a member of an environmental, conservation, or watershed organization.

Q21 – What is your zip code?
See Appendix A.

Q22 – What is your age in years?						
Age in	Ο	nline	l	Mail	Difference	
years	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail	
18-24	2	1%	0	0%	1%	
25-34	13	9%	18	3%	6%	
35-44	29	19%	51	15%	4%	
45-54	22	15%	56	17%	-2%	
55-64	31	21%	73	19%	2%	
65+	53	35%	147	46%	-11%	
Total	150		345			

• Those who completed online surveys are **less likely** to be in the "65+" group.

Q23 - What's your gender?						
	Ο	nline	I	Mail	Difference	
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail	
Male	71	42%	192	56%	-14%	
Female	92	54%	144	42%	12%	
Prefer to self- describe	2	1%	0	0%	1%	
Prefer not to say	5	3%	9	3%	0%	
Total	170		345			

• Those who completed online surveys are **less likely** to be male and **more likely** to be female.

Q24 - Are you retired?							
	0	Difference					
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail		
Yes	68	40%	149	43%	-3%		
No	101	60%	200	57%	3%		
Total	169		349				

Q25 - During the last calendar year, in which of the following ways have you								
used the wate	used the water resources in and around your community? (Please select all							
	that apply)							
Activities	On	line	N	Mail	Difference			
(some responses might have more than 1 activity)	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail			
Motorized boating	51	30%	79	23%	7%			
Non-motorized boating or sailing	93	55%	109	31%	19%			
Fishing	42	25%	76	22%	3%			
Hunting	6	4%	15	4%	0%			
Swimming	66	39%	91	26%	13%			
Ice-skating or winter sports	49	29%	58	17%	12%			
Walking, jogging, or similar uses	136	80%	250	72%	8%			
Birdwatching	97	57%	107	31%	26%			
Scenic appreciation	154	91%	270	77%	14%			
None of the above	2	1%	27	8%	-7%			
Total	170		349					

• Those who completed online surveys are more likely to use water resources for nonmotorized boating or sailing, swimming, ice-skating or winter sports, birdwatching, and scenic appreciation.

Q26 - Please select the range which best describes your annual household							
	income:						
	0	nline		Mail	Difference		
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail		
Less than \$25,000	3	2%	9	3%	-1%		
\$25,000- \$39,999	3	2%	12	4%	-2%		
\$40,000- \$59,999	17	10%	29	8%	2%		
\$60,000- \$89,999	27	16%	45	13%	3%		
\$90,000- \$119,999	26	15%	56	16%	-1%		
\$120,000- \$149,999	17	10%	58	17%	-7%		
\$150,000 and over	52	31%	79	23%	8%		
Prefer not to say	25	15%	55	16%	-1%		
Total	170		343				

Q27 - What is the highest level of education you have completed?					
	Online			Mail	Difference
	Count	Proportion	Count	Proportion	Online – Mail
Some school	0	0%	0	0%	0%
High school degree / GED	4	2%	12	3%	-1%
Some college or vocational training	11	7%	34	10%	-3%
2-year associates degree	9	5%	28	8%	-3%
4-year college degree	69	41%	127	37%	4%
Graduate/professional degree	76	45%	146	42%	3%
Total	169		347		

Appendix

All the online survey open-ended responses with questions:

Q3 - Once stormwater runoff enters a storm drain in your neighborhood, where does it go? (Please select all that apply)

Other (please specify):

- My neighborhood does not have storm drains
- You promised that there are no right or wrong answers!
- I live on rural land and don't have these
- I don't have storm drains in my neighborhood.

Q4 - In your opinion, what are the main impacts that stormwater runoff has on your community?

- Lack of clean water for recreation
- fertilizer and high nitrogen that feeds invasive water plants that are killing native life forms in the water.
- Construction, leaves = pollutants and nutrients directly into our water bodies.
- Decreased lake quality chemicals, organics
- Adding too many nutrients to the watershed.
- during really hard rainstorms, runoff has washed out parts of the county road.
- flooding?
- Lake Mendota water quality. Flooding risk
- There is green sludge in our river and its slow moving
- Flooding, water quality
- It raises stream and lake levels. It keeps the streets and buildings from flooding. It carries dirt, organic debris, and human garbage into the waterway which is not good for the community.
- Weed growth
- Blue green and lessor impactful algae in Lake Mendota.
- 1. Keeps us from getting flooded. 2. Sends our filth to waterways
- poor water quality and algae blooms in the Yahara Lakes and sedimentation in rivers and streams
- contributes to poor water quality in lake mendota
- Pollution and cyanobacteria.

- preventing flooding of our infrastructure.
- Keeping the drains clear of debris and objects that keep the water from flowing and backing up I live near pheasant branch for many years and our street would flood because of grass and branches. Generally, the city didn't ever come by and clear it even in the winter.
- Water supply to the Middleton Hills Wetlands.
- Quality of personal water usage in our homes, recreational waters that we boat and swim in, impacts animals and birds
- Phosphorus loading to lakes, causing preventable algae blooms.
- Too much algae and other weed growth in water
- Poor water quality which affects native habitats and the animals that live in those habitats.
- Polution
- erosion of yahara river banks, windsor golf club area and northward originating in deforest area.
- garbage, leaves, salt and gas/oil from cars
- Polluted water that is harmful to wildlife and unsafe for human recreation.
- poor water quality in lakes and streams. We need to have more wetlands and rain gardens with overflows that go to stormwater management. We need to do more to let the water soak in nearer to where it falls. We need to allow developers to get credit for doing this in their plans.
- Having limitations on being able to swim in the Madison chain due to poor water quality. We all caught swimmers itch a few weeks ago. Its a damn shame to spend all winter waiting to use the lakes and then once its finally warm enough to use them my family gets sick from doing so.
- It has greatly reduced the flooding in our neighborhood since it has been put in
- It can contribute to algae in the lakes if it carries dirt and chemicals from leaves or dirt in the street gutters.
- It brings a lot of plant debris , dirt, garbage into the water system. Also salt from winter streets.
- feeds phosphorus into local lakes and rivers
- ---algae in lakes, particularly blue green algae, that make the lakes unswimmable at times. Also people are so afraid of algae now that they forget abut swimming entirely
- Stormwater runoff causes fertilizers and other chemicals to move into our lakes and streams.
- Erosion, leaching of lawn chemicals, and flooding.
- It has big impacts. I try to keep those closest to me clear of debris
- Pollutes the lakes
- It can have major impact on flooding and can carry along debris or chemicals found in the streets into wildlife areas, harming their ecosystems
- Flooding and water in the basement (which leads to worsening climate change since sump pumps use a lot of electricity), ability to swim in lakes and kayak in streams.
- Washing chemicals and litter from peoples homes into our lakes and waterways
- Overgrowth of weeds, toxic algae, general deterioration of lakes, flooding (and consequent erosion of

rip rap).

- too much fertilizing compounds entering the lakes and rivers
- Increased sediment in the lakes
- Phosphorus and Aquatic plants salt sterile fish
- It takes dirty road stuff into the lakes and rivers
- Impacts water quality in our lakes, also water quantity.
- In Monona stormwater runoff goes straight to Lake Monona. The phosphorus build up over the years has been fierce. Coupled with the manure runoff down Six Mile Creek into Lake Mendota and eventually into Lake Monona, this has resulted in a deep bed of "bad stuff" on the bottom of our lakes, bringing us the poor water quality that builds along with the heat.
- Transporting organic matter and lawn/garden/automotive chemicals into lakes/streams.
- lawn fertilizer is the main problem in the water run off
- Depending on how the system is designed, it can help mitigate flooding by giving runoff a proper place to go.
- Pollution causing algae, ecoli, etc.
- Salt in streams
- Algal blooms and reduced water quality in our lakes
- Flooding
- Flooding, sedimentation (associated pollutants attached to sediment)
- It carries contaminants and nutrients into waterways, causing algal blooms and reducing water quality. It also causes flooding in cases of severe rain events.
- Too many nutrients in the lakes and subsequent algae growth
- Flooding. Metals and other pollutants from vehicles into lakes, rivers & streams. Unfiltered runoff. Leaves, phosphorus
- Pollutes lakes, ponds, streams
- street flooding
- Our neighborhood is required to capture 100% of stormwater runoff, as our developer has informed us in the past, a cost that is already paid by us in our HOA budget costs annually.
- Algae blooms
- Fertilizers run off into the holding ponds, greatly affecting pond chemistry and throwing balance off of local ecosystems.
- It's terrible for our lakes and stream/river quality. We are literally missing out on major economic benefits of the 4 major lakes around the Madison area, because they're gross and nasty.
- Pollutes lakes and streams and contaminates them. It means the lakes we are blessed with are too gross IMO to actually benefit our communities fully.
- Ruins waterfront appeal for tourism and outdoor recreation, contributes to soil erosion on the waterfront, contributes to toxic algal blooms that harm human, pet, and natural health

- Increased algae blooms, excess sentiment in the lakes, and water that is too nutritious (high phosphorus, chlorine, and nitrogen, I think. Also, too much leaf litter going into lakes as well.
- Quality of the water in lakes
- We feed into Lake Mendota via the Conservancy. Our salt and fertilizer contribute water quality
 problems in the marsh and lake. Salt can kill plants and fish, the fertilizer is most likely contributing to
 algae blooms which reduces the safety of swimming in the lake. It also creates various erosion
 problems and sometimes flooding problems in our subdivision (Northlake in Middleton).
- Residential property flooding and damage to the home. Erosion of the stormwater management pathways. . Poor water quality of Lake Mendota. Soccer fields flood and become unusable.
- Degradation of water quality in our lakes, streams, and drinking water.
- Blue green algae, smelly lake
- Polluting water sources
- Polluting water, flooding, endangering wildlife
- It pollutes the rivers, lakes, and creeks. Fallen leaves bring extra nutrients that contribute to
 unhealthy waterways, people pour whatever down the gutter (soap from washing cars, paint, oil) any
 litter on the sidewalks, roadways, and aprons lands eventually in the water. Mostly because of farm
 run off, but also because of chemicals released by factories, and common pollution, we can't swim in
 the lakes anymore. They often smell horrible in the summer and people's pets have died from contact
 with cynobacteria. The lakes and rivers in our community are for display only.
- Brings road salt, car oil, car gas and other pollution to our lakes and rivers.
- Bad lake water
- Weeds in Lake Mendota.
- In Stoughton the runoff from both urban areas and rural areas makes our river and lake algae filled over the summer, making recreation of any kind often unpleasant and sometimes impossible. It also impacts the native fish. The low water quality has allowed Asian carp to proliferate, aggravating the situation.
- Carry pollutants, seeds, soil, and nutrients across properties and streets to streams and lakes. Local flooding. Erosion.
- Sedimentation with the coincident delivery of nutrintss
- Reduced water quality from contaminated runoff
- probably "stinky lakes" IE too much fertilizer feeding the algae and starving the water of oxygen and killing the wildlife that would consume the algae....I perceive that it is a system that at one time worked well before white people paved and planted invasive species plants and such and now we've f'd it up good.
- Flood prevention
- It affects the Yahara River 100percent.
- Weed growth in the lakes
- Flooding when Therese es are full Bad smells from grates Icy roads from full drains
- Adds moisture farther downstream in the watershed. In heavy rainfalls, it can lead to flooding of streets, structures, and rivers/streams/creeks.

- in extreme cirumstances it can heavily pollute streams, lakes etc. In everyday situations runoff is providing WAY too much phosphorus, and by midsummer lakes in the area are stinky, sludgy, and sometimes have excess disease-causing microorganisms
- Increase in pollutants making their way into our water systems (rivers, streams, aquafers). Increases algae growth, adds chemicals to water systems that disrupt the natural cycles.
- Fertilizer into lakes
- Lakes and streams that are becoming unusable for recreation
- Polluting wetlands, ponds and streams with agricultural chemicals.
- Poor quality of the river
- Creates weedy lakes and rivers
- Because of the pollution from car tires and leaking oil, road salt, lawn fertilizers, farm runoff, impervious surfaces, lack of wetlands, lack of bio swales, and more, stormwater runoff has and will continue to ruin our lakes.
- 1. Can be laden with contaminants which can cause impacts to humans, critters, sediment, water quality, and general community well being. 2. Can require infrastructure if treatment is needed. 3. Can carry sediment which clogs up waterways.
- I see it flooding the streets in my neighborhood when it has nowhere to go.
- Algie issues in lakes & river. Bad water in retention ponds
- Plant matter acts as fertilizer. Salt also damages waterways
- Poor water quality Weeds in the waters
- I have no idea
- Living in Stoughton the Yahara River has a huge algae bloom in summer,
- Leaves, car oil and salt
- Water pollution
- It adds nitrates and prosperous to the lakes
- When the capacity is insufficient during a large storm, flooding causes property damage
- Our local stream, Pheasant Branch Creek, is in very poor condition due to stormwater runoff. You can see it in the murky water, oil sheens on the surface, and algae growing on the stream bottom. It's not fishable or swimmable because of the runoff. Lake Mendota also is often not enjoyable to swim in because of aglea blooms. Stormwater runoff has also caused flood damage to our stream corridor and the trail and the bridges along the stream which many people in the community use were only recently rebuilt after the 2018 flood event.
- increased pollutants (especially chloride, phosphorus) in lakes
- Nutrients go to bodies of water causing problems
- Weeds and algae in lakes
- Flooding; Adding too many nutrients to the lakes, causing lake weed to overgrow
- It pollutes lakes and streams.

- algal blooms, silt buildup, road salt, nitrogen I live by Wingra and use it quite a bit, and we have all of that
- It contributes to toxic algae blooms and gross lakes
- Flows into lakes
- Ponds bring up concerns of increased mosquito populations. Otherwise, I just worry about salt and transportation related chemicals running into local bodies of water.
- Poor water quality, algal blooms, carrying pollution into waterways, flooding. Which leads to damage to property, not being able to fish or swim safely, etc.
- replenishes water and adds to contaminants/fertilizers in waterways/lakes/etc.
- Managing stormwater is very important to me. Firstly, collecting rain in rain gardens, rain barrels, infiltration basins, & other sustainable infrastructure help mitigate the excess flow that would otherwise be directly channelized to stormwater systems. This collection & infiltration of water also helps reduce & remove pollutants & nutrients from entering local waterbodies. The main impacts I see are degraded water quality & habitat leading to eutrophication in severe cases. This disrupts all aquatic life and stresses organisms.
- runoff can contain chemicals/waste that should go to wastewater treatment, but doesn't, so it can directly pollute lakes/streams; if the storm drains aren't regularly cleaned then they can back up and cause pooling in roadways or yards (and potentially infiltrate to basements)
- Poor water quality
- Too much chloride and phosphorous in runoff makes for poor water quality, especially in lakes.
- Salt, lawn chemicals, anything else that could be harmful getting into lake. (I'm closest to Waubesa.) Less swimming/fishing in certain areas where the lake appears "yucky".
- Chemicals (fertilizers and pesticides) from lawns and farm field, as well as salt from roads.
- Flashy flows in our creeks and streams and reduced water quality in our lakes
- If not captured by MMSD, and gets into streams and lakes, then there will be water quality problems.
- Carrie's nutrients and sediment to waterbodies.
- lake & river pollution
- Algae blooms in the lakes; pollution in Yahara River; plastic trash in surface waters that endanger wildlife
- Carries sediment and other debris into lakes reducing clarity and swimming safety
- flooding, nutrient pollution and loss of groundwater recharge.
- Increased algae, closed beaches, stinky lakes, toxins that effect animals
- Causes algae blooms in the lake
- Lake algae, dirty streams, dirty storm ponds,
- Quickly bringing water to lakes and streams (because it can not soak into the ground) and causing lake levels to rise more quickly and bringing water containing nutrients and other matter into rivers and lakes.
- Algae blooms on lakes, reduction of water clarity and ultimate reduction of clean water to swim/recreate in. Plus it's terrible for aquatic systems

- carries pollutants such as soil and chloride creates flashy stream systems due to all of the impervious surface
- Leaves and salt
- water quality, water levels, potential contamination
- Algal blooms and other impacts of adding runoff nutrients to the lakes
- Risk of flooding, pollution in streams and lakes Beauty, recreational opportunities, ecosystem services
- Stormwater carries pollutants and nutrients into the watershed, lowering water quality and increasing nutrients available for aquatic plant growth.
- Adding nutrients to the lakes.
- Stormwater runoff can add chemicals to nearby streams/lakes. Like chemicals in lawn fertilizer.
- Adding to the nutrients in the lakes thereby increasing production of algae and decreasing desirable species in the water. Further polluting the lakes with nasty chemicals.
- Health of water resources and flooding
- in Madison, increased nutrients and sediment in the lake, that in part promotes algae, In most streams, sediment and sometimes BOD.
- Flooding, water pollution, spread of invasives
- Too much algae and salt in the lakes.
- Flooding is a big concern. Also, stormwater carries pollutants into our waterways. Aside from the negative impacts to aquatic ecosystems, the pollutants directly impact (negatively) our ability to use the waters- for recreation, food (fishing), drinking water, etc.
- Water quality of Yahara Lakes
- Eutrophication of lakes and waters leading to unhealthy algae blooms and related undesirable downstream effects.
- It is polluting our lakes and rivers, emptying whatever is one the streets, including leaves, salt, oil, gas, garbage, etc. While it isn't the major source of nutrients entering the lakes and rivers, it certainly is a key source.
- Manure, salt and plant debris degrade the quality of the water in our waterways every time it rains or there is snow melt. Sometimes the creeks smell like manure after it rains or a big snowmelt. Algae and duckweed grow prolifically in this nutrient rich water and contribute to the poor quality of water in the lakes and blue green algae growth. Its made many swimming areas unusable.
- Increased sediment and chemical pollutants in the receiving stream.
- Introducing contaminants into the waterways.
- not very good
- Algae blooms in the Yahara chain of lakes due to agricultural and residential runoff
- Reduced water quality of recieving waters
- Stormwater runoff impacts the overall environmental water quality of our lakes and streams. Nutrients and other contaminates can get into these waterways through the storm sewers.
- It gets into our rivers, lakes and other water and we should keep debris from going into the storm drains.

- Impacts Pheasant Branch creek
- Whatever goes down the stormwater drain goes into our lakes, waters, and streams. Lawns that use fertilizers and pesticides, over salted sidewalks/driveways, leaves in the street, litter, etc. from neighborhood and streets runs directly into our waterways.

Q9 - Of the actions listed in the previous question that you are willing to do, but not currently doing, what would motivate you to act? (Please select all that apply)

Other (please specify):

- I live in a difficult location so would need to make sure it is feasible for me.
- Getting chemicals to clean sweep is very difficult
- I physically am unable to do those actions,
- Help implementing actions that are difficult for elders and disabled people
- Rural lot with controlled drainage patterns in place
- I have too many leaves to compost in my yard
- Physical ability to do the task (like storm drain clearing)
- The salt one is tough because of the danger of falling on ice
- If our neighborhood association requested/provided information

Q10 - If you are not currently using Clean Sweep to dispose of household hazardous waste, why not? (Please select all that apply)

Other, please specify:

- The cost
- I don't know about hazardous waste or Clean Sweep.
- I have used Clean Sweep. I liked it better when it was free because I only have a few items each year and It's hard to pay \$
- I live with a parent still and they handle that kind of thing
- Didn't know about it
- it's a pain in the ass, I don't know how or where to go and to sort. frankly it should be a LAW that all garbage collection companies collect these items from the curb from a designated bin. most people are not going to drives to some out of the way place to throw away batteries, paint, microwaves, chemicals and other toxic items. also, what about disabled people who physically can't coordinate a trip to a special dump to get rid of chemicals? this whole process needs to keep in my the disabled, home bound, people who don't have cars and the elderly. not just white, fit, 45 year old males with \$350,000 homes.
- Live in Grant County
- I have used, but would like a couple more facilities like this
- Not clear about what services are municipal vs county-wide. For instance, if I live in Cross Plains, can I recycle at Middleton facility?
- Hassle

• I've been saving it up and putting it off!

Q11 - What type of trainings or resources do you prefer? (Please select all that apply)

Other, please explain:

- PSA- TV and radio
- neighborhood events, I did one 15 years ago and it was great
- Interactive website like this NY Times site about diet and climate change: https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2022/dining/climate-change-food-eating-habits.html
- I don't think we can rely on individuals solely and should focus on filtering and buffers
- A text or call help line
- Online resources
- Reading on this subject
- VERY short PSA's
- Send it in an email and I'll read it.

Q12 - Who, if anyone, would you contact if you noticed a large amount of dirty water (for example, with paint, oil, or mud) flowing into a storm drain?

I would contact (Please specify):

- Madison Streets -Westside
- I would Google who best to contact and go from there
- Call 911 as it could be criminal depending on the substance
- In urban areas, I'd contact both Public Health and the local MS4 permittee contact. For agricultural spills, I'd contact Dane County Land Conservation Division staff and DNR Spill Hotline.
- Streets and Sanitation dept.
- Depends on location
- I would do research online first to look up who to contact. For instance, whether city, county, or state agency is the best contact.

Q13 - During the last five years, have you learned about effects of stormwater runoff or practices to improve water quality from any of the following? (Please select all that apply)

Other (please specify):

- Placards listed in neighborhood
- Clean Lakes Alliance and Yahara Lakes Ass
- YLA info
- city of Madison government re: street cleaning, leaves off gutters
- My n'hood newsletter and website, but it was more like 15 years ago.
- E-mails from organizations
- Not sure... Madison info?
- I am an urban planner
- Heard at work, but Middleton is NOT helpful
- Becoming active in my neighborhood Homeowners Association.
- I work for an org involved with stormwater outreach
- emails from Dane County Watershed Network and MAMSWaP
- local watershed organizations
- Clean Lakes alliance and speakers at the local scuba club
- Linkedin
- my job at the DNR
- Dane Co e-newsletter
- Info from environmental groups we support
- FOLKS
- Wisconsin Wetlands
- Email updates from Streets and Sanitation.
- My new job
- Yahara Lakes Association & Clean Lakes Alliance
- water related groups
- my line of work
- Storm Drain Newsletter

Q14 - What organization would you look to if you were interested in learning more about stormwater pollution and/or actions you could take to improve water quality?

Other (please specify):

- Don't know
- Clean lakes alliance
- ALL of these!
- several groups listed, and Clean Lakes Alliance
- I already use all of these resources except EPA

Q18 - Of the campaigns/brands above that you have heard of, did any motivate you to make a change? If yes, please share a bit about the change you made.

Yes (please specify):

- Leaves out of the street, clear storm drains sometime, use sand not salt
- Reduced salt use in winter
- salt
- Cleaning leaves out of gutters and street drains
- i do participate in leaf clean streets, but haven't bought a rain barrel and i don't use salt.
- Keep the drains cleans, at all costs
- leaf removal, limit chemicals on lawn, reduce salt use
- Reduced salt on sidewalk
- got a rain barrel and seeds
- A long time ago, the don't leaf campaign influenced me to keep leaves out of gutter
- Native Plant Program helps provide me with natives to plant in my yard
- kept leaves out of gutters, used almost no salt on sidewalk
- Adopt a drain, education about salt use,
- rake leaves out of street, use less salt in winter, got a rain barrel
- I'm planning to get a rain barrel for my new home.
- Clear storm drains
- Chose native plants to add to our yard

- have rain barrel, rake streets, mulch clippings
- I have greatly reduced the use of driveway salt
- be more aware
- Use less salt
- Efforts to capture rainwater to sink into ground
- adopted a drain when I lived in town
- Tried to sweep leaves from street gutters around my house
- Planted natives
- Rain barrel reimbursement
- I have embraced native plantings. 60% of my lot is native plants, 20% is lawn, and 20% is impervious
- Just encouraged me to be conscious about my actions
- Just learning ways my choices may impact the lakes. And taking responsibility for the storm drain near my house
- More aware
- We got a rain barrel! I love it- free water!!
- I make an effort to keep leaves out of street gutter
- Salt less
- leaf free streets
- We encouraged our neighbors to use less salt in the winter like we do
- remove leaves from street at home; use even more sand and less salt (already wasn't heavy salter)
- Bought a discounted rain barrel and began to use it
- Leaf
- I purchased a rain barrel through Ripple Effects in 2021 and maintain it regularly. In 2024, I purchased plants from Plant Dane and created a rain garden.
- I use very little salt, and have complained to our developer when they use too much
- deepened our rain gardens; bought additional rain barrels
- Keep leaves out of the gutters
- Leaf free streets
- Use much less salt during winter.
- I planted a rain garden.
- I volunteer for Adopt A Drain.
- Saltwise no longer use any deicing salt

- When I bought a house recently, I am careful about keeping leaves out of the street and rarely using salt in winter.
- Keeping leaves out of gutter in front of my house
- Reduce winter salt
- Leaf free streets.
- use very little salt, trying to get rid of some lawn for native plants
- remove leaves
- will be putting in a rain garden
- Different programs promote different messages which is excellent in covering myriad topics
- Adopted 6 storm drains, avoid salt
- All of them
- Plant Dane
- planted native plants in rain garden
- was not a where of where storm water ended up
- If I had a yard (currently live in an apartment) I would take advantage of the sale to buy and plant natives!
- saltwise
- Leaf free
- I became salt wise certified
- Salt wise. Post for others to see.
- keep leaves off of street, use less salt
- eliminate salt use on my sidewalks and driveway
- Focus on planting natives due to Plant Dane sales!
- Acquired native plants and a rain barrel
- planted some native plants in yard; cut down on salt use on driveway and sidewalk
- Lead free Syreers. Salt wise.
- I installed a rain barrel!
- I use less salt
- Remove leaves in street
- leaf free streets
- I've purchased plants from Plant Dane for 3 years. The rain barrel sale inspired us to install 2 rain barrels.
- Leaf free streets

- Clean grates, pickup litter
- leaf free streets when we had a curb and gutter in Madison, we raked leaves onto the grass near the street versus in the street, and encouraged our neighbors to do the same. Now we don't have curb and gutter in the town of dunn nor do we have leaf pick up, so we take them to our nearest leaf collection point or to the yard waste site.
- advocated for rain gardens in public spaces
- saltwise
- Salt wise got a new water softener
- Adopt a Storm Drain More conscious about leaves in my neighborhood covering storm drains and moving them whenever possible
- Ripple Effects
- I adopted a storm drain & attended a Salt Wise workshop. I also bought a rain barrel
- I have participated in most, if not all the programs (native plant sale, leaf free streets, salt wise, etc) and found all have been very easy to understand and implement. I have attended trainings and utilized resources on the websites to make changes.

Q19 - Who makes decisions about how your lawn / property is maintained? (Please select all that apply)

Other (please specify):

- I don't have a lawn just plants and hardscape.
- All family members discuss
- My spouse and I make these decisions together
- Me and my wife
- Wife

•

53704

Q21 – What is your zip code

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Q22 – What is your age in years?

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Q22 – What is your gender?

- Non-binary (also male and female aren't genders, they're sexes)
- Genderfluid

Thank you for completing the survey! If you would like to modify any of your responses, please use the back arrow. Please use the space below for additional comments about water resources or issues in your community.

- We need more community awareness and thus support for clean lakes and water. I live within and would support a ban on salt within a 1/4 or 1/2 mile of Lake Mendota with few exceptions .
- Provide more resources/training in ecological/land management. Once folks are aware of the importance of land management and impact on fauna and flora, they are more likely to support these efforts.
- Focus on the sources of the highest loads and have the collective balls to enforce prevention of the issues, such as phosphorus loading to lakes.
- Thank you for keeping this subject alive and out in front of the public, with the current political

climate it could easily disappear!

- thanks, keep up the good work! Do programming for kids so they learn young
- I would love a mural on the drain in front of my house
- Encourage people to take fewer baths and showers! Many people do not need a daily shower, yet this seems to be very common in our country and no one ever mentions it for water conservation.
- Adopting a storm water inlet is a great idea. I have been cleaniing leaves and debris from 3 of them because there are 3 at my intersection. Doing anything with snow and ice is a whole different thing and really too difficult for most people.
- Education is key! I don't know what I don't know and am all for more signage/mailers/whatever to get information on what concrete actions I should take (and encourage neighbors to take) to protect our natural environment.
- 1. You don't mention Clean Lakes as an organization.2. Dane County should do more to make developers improve stormwater runoff mitigation. 3. Encourage the city of Madison to push awareness of how litter, leaves, and lawn waste mar the lakes. 4. Remove water lilies from lakes.
- Thanks for doing this survey, get the word out more on what you are doing and what can be done!
- Keep up the fight for our water! Thank you for your efforts!
- Thank you for the survey allowing to participate. I just wish that the land would stay land and not housing concrete, water would stay water and hope it would continue to flow as intended, My Father-in-law stated: YOU CANNOT MAKE MORE LAND AND MORE WATER, YOU MUST PROTECT WHAT YOU HAVE. Again, thanks. MK
- We MUST get rid of CAFOs or at least regulate them much more. One near us spreads way too much, way too often, polluting our air and water, fermenting feed spilling out of huge PLASTIC bags reeks and is extremely unsightly. Can't believe cows are allowed to eat rotting good. Horrible polluting facilities now reservoirs of avian flu. GET RID OF THEM.
- I am not convinced that the city needs a 4-hour window to do street cleaning on my street. The street sweeper is almost always there by 8:30. Urban areas have done a lot to reduce the negative impacts on water quality. And none of will really matter so long as there is so much cow manure coming into the waterways. Last summer, it did not rain very much, therefore less overland run-off and combined with the zebra mussels (I assume) Lake Mendota water looked clean and didn't smell. We swam every weekend multiple times, I went on my friend's sailboat many times. It was how I imagined lake life would be. Alas, controlling precipitation and manure-makers is not in the city/village wheelhouse, and I doubt we can get the whole nation to stop eating WI cheese and ice cream, which, if successful, would create other serious economic/cultural issues.
- Our neighborhood is already are required to capture 100% of stormwater runoff, as our developer has informed us in the past, a cost that is already paid by us in our HOA budget costs annually.
- Converting unused parts of lawns to native plantings or restored prairies can make a large impact. But that transition can be overwhelming without proper guidance and information. I encourage municipalities to not only allow, but encourage the use of native plantings through grants, classes, and changes to dated code ordinances.
- While I support many of these efforts, one thing that should be noted when it comes to cost: I'm in a new neighborhood, the Community of Bishop's Bay, and our developer frequently reminds us that we already pay a much higher HOA cost because our neighborhood is required to capture 100% of all stormwater runoff in the neighborhood. This cannot be said of many of the older neighborhoods in the area. So, some of us should be exempt from any further stormwater mitigation cost burdens, and they should be born only by those residents. I do not want to be "double taxed", as I'm already

paying a premium cost for our neighborhood stormwater management.

- Our subdivision is struggling with updating our stormwater runoff management system now. Middleton has been obstructing more than helping and I suspect will simply throw rip-rap at the problem instead of a combination of rain gardens, some rip-rap, culverts, and plants. We need experts to help us scope, design, and source vendors and to help run interference with the local municipality. It would also help if experts would speak on this subject to local HOAs to help educate the recalcitrant residents. Additionally, the existing developer agreements regarding proper wastewater management need to be enforced. The Bishops Bay development upstream from our subdivision is not in compliance and Middleton hasn't enforced it. If we fix our system, which we want to do, it will be quickly degraded due to the large volume and velocity of water from upstream.
- Recently the Town of Middleton did well water testing and found an extremely high percentage of wells with high nitrates but did absolutely nothing to address the contributing factors. I am worried that failing private septic systems, agricultural applications, and lawn treatment may eventually impact the City of Middleton water system.
- Middleton needs to crack down on their impervious surface requirements. Instead, they are allowing more and more concrete, under the guise of we NEED more dense housing, which is distressing... : (In my mind, more concrete leads to poorer lake quality in the long run. We are so lucky to have these lakes!
- My grandma grew up here and she said that the lakes used to be clear in the summertime. It would be wonderful to be able to feel safe swimming and fishing in the Madison lakes and rivers again.
- I'd be willing for Madison to put a curbside rain garden on mt street without gutters and always has a big puddle which. The street sweeper leaves all the debris in.
- I would like to see the Madison Met Sewerage. district to expand their scope of responsibilities to include polluted runoff reduction
- WTer is our most precious resource and we are not doing enough to protect it!
- Thanks! I agree that 'water is life" and we need to do more to save water and conserve it and take care of our lakes and ground water. I guess sometimes I don't know what actions to take and don't take any.
- We live on the Yahara River and are members of the Dunkirk Dam Lake District. We have educational sessions at our quarterly meetings and have a newsletter. We'd like to know more.
 Www.dunkirkdam.com
- I think there should be information sent out every 6 months to each household to remind them of how they can help the environment by doing things at home.
- Great job by Christal Campbell, Claudia Guy, Jeremy Balousek, and the members of the MAMSWaP I&E Committee to be able to offer so many wonderful stormwater education opportunities to area residents and businesses. Thank you!
- Concerned about tge impact of dam removal and possible whitewater park
- I appreciate the dredging efforts for the Yahara River. Water quality seems good so far this year, partially due to water actually flowing. Down side is that larger boats and jet skis are now racing up/down river causing large wave action along shore.
- I feel like Dane county dumps WAY too much salt on the roads. It gets me. Sick when I see their trucks dropping all the unnecessary salt.
- Ripple Effects rain barrels are not in stock in Middleton as of 2 weeks ago. Had hoped to purchase one. I will not drive to DeForest from Stoughton to get one. I hope they are restocked and perhaps offer other pickup locations maybe Monona or McFarland?

- Madison's Stormwater Utility funds should be used to support education, innovative water quality projects, friends groups, etc
- I Scuba dive in the local lakes. Our club does clean up dives. We would love to have a speaker on these topics. Water quality is very important to us. Info@fourlakesscubaclub.org
- Thank you for doing the work you do!
- Thanks for conducting this survey.
- Our lakes are disgusting. I won't even let my dog swim in them. All these organizations/groups that have been around for years are apparently very poor at their jobs because the lakes don't improve. The weeds aren't mowed efficiently by Dane co. Monona Bay is pathetic. The late summer slime on Mendota (near Lot 60) is so bad I won't put my row boat in the water. We get surveys every year from some groups and yet the water quality doesn't improve.
- I would really like to see continued land purchases around Dane County water resources. I really like the idea of remediation this way and hope to see that kind of thing be continued.
- This is a well put together survey, & I hope it gives you results that lead to application.
- Why don't you ask about biking? That's my most frequent form of outdoor recreation, often along Danr Co lakes and waterways.
- thanks for doing this.
- Always curious to find more resources and would be willing to participate in workshops & local initiatives. The marketing on some of these green initiatives is lackluster and I find I have to dig to learn about them!
- I would love to have someone come out to help design a rain garden at our house.
- These programs are making a positive impacr in our community. When my neighbors read or hear about these "best practices" on the news or from the city, they begin to ask me questions about things that I am doing around my yard and consider changing their practices. The easier and smaller the changes, the more willing they are to do them. Even thinking about how our actions impact the environment and community is a positive step.